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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:806608 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:361986

TITLE:

Production of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells

using protein-free media

INVENTOR(S):

Kistner, Otfried; Barrett, Noel; Mundt,

Wofgang; Dorner, Friedrich

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Baxter Aktiengesellschaft, Austria

SOURCE:

U.S., 24 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,753,489.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DA	DATE		
US 6146873	A	20001114	00 133, 013,10 13	971015		
US 5753489	· A	19980519	US 1995-487046 19	950607		
US 5756341	A	19980526	US 1995-483522 19	950607		
US 5698433	Α	19971216	05 1550 001.25	960722		
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US 1994-338761 B2 19	941110		
INTONITI IIII III.			US 1995-483522 A2 19	950607		
			US 1995-487046 A2 19	950607		
			US 1995-487222 B2 19	950607		
			US 1996-684729 A2 19	960722		

Viruses from the family Orthomyxoviridae, particularly influenza virus, can grown in monkey kidney cells, particularly Vero Cells, after passaging the cells in a serum-free or protein-free medium. The use of a proteolytic enzyme, esp. trypsin, also aids in the propagation of the virus. The method allows for the virus to be produced to be used in a vaccine.

IC ICM C12N007-01 ICS C12N007-08

NCL 435235100

CC 16-6 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 10, 13, 15, 63

ST Orthomyxoviridae vaccine prodn monkey kidney fermn

IT Animal cell line

(CEC (chicken embryo cell); prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

IT Animal cell line

(CV-1; prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

IT Animal cell line

(LLCMK2; prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

IT Animal cell line

(MDCK; prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

IT Animal cell line

(Vero; prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

IT Animal tissue culture

Fermentation

Human herpesvirus 1

Influenza A virus

Influenza virus

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Orthomyxoviridae
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Rotavirus

Vaccines

(prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

Antigens ΙT

RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

Antibodies IT

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

9036-06-0, 9014-01-1, Subtilisin 9002-07-7, Trypsin IT

Pronase

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(culture media contg.; prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

307359-78-0 307359-79-1 307359-77-9 307359-76-8 208108-78-5 ΙT 307359-80-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; prodn. of orthomyxoviruses in monkey kidney cells using protein-free media)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 48 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:331531 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

129:26999

TITLE:

Method for controlling the infectivity of viruses

Kistner, Otfried; Barrett, Noel; Mundt,

Wolfgang; Dorner, Friedrich

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Immuno A.-G., Austria

SOURCE:

U.S., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 338,761,

abandoned. .CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
CA 2205015 WO 9615231 WO 9615231	A 19980526 AA 19960523 A2 19960523 A3 19960801	CA 1995-2205015 19951110 WO 1995-EP4439 19951110	
W: CA, FI, RW: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, ES,	FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SI	E
EP 791055 R: AT, BE,	A1 19970827 CH, DE, DK, ES,	FR, GB, IE, IT, LI, NL, SE	
	T2 19980324 B2 20010423		
EP 1213030	A1 20020612	EP 2001-130212 19951110	
R: AT, BE, FI 9701998 US 6146873	CH, DE, DK, ES, A 19970509 A 20001114	10071015	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

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US 1994-338761
                B2 19941110
US 1995-483522
                   19950607
                Α
US 1995-487046
                Α
                   19950607
                Α
US 1995-487222
                   19950607
EP 1995-937888
                A3 19951110
WO 1995-EP4439
                W
                   19951110
US 1996-684729
                A2 19960722
```

- AB A method for producing Influenza and other viruses and vaccines derived therefrom utilizes serum-free cultured vertebrate cells or vertebrate biomass aggregates to both eliminate the necessity to use costly methods requiring whole chicken embryos and, optionally, to provide proteases suitable for the activation of a wide variety of viruses. In one aspect, the method comprises the periodic or continuous removal of "treatment portions" of virus-contg. culture medium into an "augmentation loop" for treatment with a broad range of substances, such as proteases that augment the activation of the virus. Use of the loop allows utilization of such substances at high concns. while eliminating their cell toxic effects. Another aspect of the invention provides for the alteration of cleavage sites in virus proteins to thereby render them more susceptible to activation in culture. Thus, the method provides for the high yield prodn. of many viruses that can be easily scaled up to continuous large scale prodn. vols. and for resultant vaccines which are free of egg proteins and are much more economical to produce.
- IC ICM C12N007-02
- ICS A61K039-145
- NCL 435235100
- CC 15-2 (Immunochemistry)
- ST virus antigen cell culture protease vaccine; influenza hemagglutinin serum free culture vaccine
- IT Animal cell line
 - (CV-1; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Animal cell line
 - (LLCMK2; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Animal cell line
 - (Vero; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Culture media
 - (serum-free; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Mutagenesis
 - (site-directed; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Enzymes, biological studies
 - RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (subtilisin-like; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Egg
 - (trypsin inhibitor; virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and treatment with protease)
- IT Animal cell line
 - Animal virus
 - Biomass
 - Blood serum
 - Carriers
 - Containers
 - Influenza virus
 - Kidney

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Mammal (Mammalia)
     Monkey
     Vaccines
        (virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and
        treatment with protease)
IT
     Antigens
     Hemagglutinins
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and
        treatment with protease)
ΙT
     208108-78-5
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and
        treatment with protease)
ΙT
     8049-47-6, Pancreatin
                             9001-75-6, Pepsin
                                                  9001-92-7, Protease
     9002-07-7, Trypsin
                          9004-06-2, Elastase
                                                 9004-07-3,
     Chymotrypsin
                    9014-01-1, Subtilisin
                                           9031-98-5, Carboxypeptidase
     9035-81-8, Trypsin inhibitor 9036-06-0, Pronase
     9073-78-3, Thermolysin
                              9087-70-1, Aprotinin
                                                     37259-58-8, Serine
     protease
                141760-45-4, Furin
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (virus antigen vaccine produced by serum free cell culture and
        treatment with protease)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         53
                               THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
T.7
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1997:435985 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         127:47061
TITLE:
                         Protein preparation by controlled proteolysis of
                         pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and
                         pro-enzymes
INVENTOR(S):
                         Fischer, Bernhard; Mitterer, Artur; Dorner,
                         Friedrich; Eibl, Johann
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Immuno Aktiengesellschaft, Austria
SOURCE:
                         Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.
                         CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

PA'	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP	776969		A2	19970604	EP 1996-890172	19961119
EP	776969		А3	19990602		
	R: AT	, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL,	SE
AT	9501927		Α	19980515	AT 1995-1927	19951124
AT	404597		В	19981228		
CA	2190802		AA	19970525	CA 1996-2190802	19961120
US	6010844		Α	20000104	US 1996-752892	19961120
NO	9604965		Α	19970526	NO 1996-4965	19961122
JP	0918379	4	A2	19970715	JP 1996-330278	19961125
PRIORIT	Y APPLN.	INFO.	:		AT 1995-1927	19951124
7.0						

AB Proteins and esp. enzymes prepd. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins are disclosed. Pro-protein is put in soln. with proteinase and in the presence of a carrier that has a higher affinity for protein than for

pro-protein. Then the protein is be selectively adsorbed onto the carrier. Recombinant prothrombin (factor II) activation to thrombin (IIa) by immobilized **trypsin** is in several examples. Thrombin is then purified using affinity chromatog.

IC ICM C12N009-00

ICS C12P021-06; C12N009-10; C12N009-64; C07K014-755; C07K014-815

CC 7-2 (Enzymes)

Section cross-reference(s): 3, 9

ST protein pro controlled proteolysis recombinant; enzyme pro controlled proteolysis recombinant; proenzyme controlled proteolysis protease; proprotein controlled proteolysis proteinase

IT Antibodies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(immobilized, carrier; protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT Blood-coagulation factors

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(pro-; protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT Proteins, specific or class

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(proproteins; protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT Affinity chromatography

Immobilization, biochemical

(protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT Zymogens

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT Enzymes, preparation

Proteins, general, preparation

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT 618-39-3D, Benzamidine, immobilized 8001-27-2D, Hirudin, immobilized 9005-49-6D, Heparin, immobilized, biological studies

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(carrier; protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT 9001-26-7P, Prothrombin

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT 9002-04-4P, Thrombin

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL

(Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

IT 9001-92-7, Proteinase 9001-92-7D, Proteinase, immobilized 9002-07-7,

Trypsin 9002-07-7D, Trypsin, immobilized

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (protein prepn. by controlled proteolysis of pro-proteins including recombinant pro-proteins and pro-enzymes)

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:574900 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:215380

TITLE: Immobilized hirudin and hirudin-based peptides used

for the purification of recombinant human thrombin

prepared from recombinant human prothrombin

AUTHOR(S): Fischer, Bernhard E.; Mitterer, Artur;

Schlokat, Uwe; Grillberger, Leopold; Reiter,

Manfred; Mundt, Wolfgang; Dorner,

Friedrich; Eibl, Johann

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biomedical Res. Center, Immuno AG, Orth a.d. Donau,

A-2304, Austria

SOURCE: Protein Expression and Purification (1996), 8(2),

167-174

CODEN: PEXPEJ; ISSN: 1046-5928

PUBLISHER: Academic
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB A simple and efficient activation-affinity purifn. system was developed to obtain thrombin from recombinant CHO cells expressing human prothrombin. In this method, a controllable process for the activation of recombinant prothrombin is directly coupled with a purifn. strategy for the recombinant thrombin generated. At a const. flow rate and with a contact time limited to few seconds, recombinant prothrombin was filtered through immobilized trypsin. In a closed flow system, the recombinant thrombin generated was filtered through newly designed thrombin-specific affinity gels. Hirudin, the most specific thrombin inhibitor, and hirudin-based peptides were covalently immobilized to Sepharose, thus creating thrombin-specific affinity gels that immediately absorb the thrombin generated from the activation mixt. Prothrombin and incompletely activated mols. did not bind to the affinity gel and were recirculated for a further activation cycle. Due to the specificity of the affinity gels for thrombin and the elimination of thrombin from the activation mixt., proteolytic degrdn. and autocatalytic inactivation of the recombinant thrombin was prevented. Recombinant thrombin was isolated from the hirudin-based affinity gels by chaotrope salt elution, resulting in high yields of highly pure, active thrombin. Affinity purifn. of thrombin was not deleteriously affected by contamination of the starting material with other proteins. Activation and affinity purifn. were equally effective for recombinant and human plasma-derived prothrombin as well as for human and recombinant thrombin.

CC 7-2 (Enzymes)

ΙT

ST thrombin prothrombin purifn property hirudin

IT 9001-26-7P, Prothrombin 9002-04-4P, Thrombin RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(immobilized hirudin and hirudin-based peptides used for the purifn. of recombinant human thrombin prepd. from recombinant human prothrombin) 8001-27-2, Hirudin

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical ·

process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(immobilized hirudin and hirudin-based peptides used for the purifn. of recombinant human thrombin prepd. from recombinant human prothrombin)

ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:440965 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

125:84835

TITLE: Method for producing biologicals in protein-free

culture

INVENTOR(S): Kistner, Otfried; Barrett, Noel; Mundt,

Wolfgang; Dorner, Friedrich

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Immuno Aktiengesellschaft, Austria

PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	rent :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE				API	PLIC	ATI	ON N	ο.	DATE			
	9615 9615					1996 1996				WO	199	5-E	P443	9	1995	1110		
		CA, AT,	•	•	•		ES.	FR.	GF	3. 6	SR.	TE.	TT.	т.п.	MC,	NT.	РΨ	SF
	5753	489		Α		1998	0519			US	199	5-4	8704	6	1995	0607	,	2,1
	5756. 7910.														1995 1995			
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GE	3, I	ΞE,	IT,	LI,	NL,	SE			
	9701														1995 1997			
PRIORITY	APP:	LN.]	INFO	. :											1994			
													22 46		1995			
									US	199	5-4	8722	22	Α	1995	0607		
						_	_		WO	199	15-E	P443	39	W	1995	TTTO		

AB The present invention includes an approach for producing viruses, such as influenza, and vaccines derived therefrom as well as recombinant proteins derived from viral vectors, by utilizing vertebrate cells cultured under protein-free conditions. These cells, which include a cellular biomass, show improved capabilities for propagating viruses and eliminate the need for costly and time-consuming viral passaging and purifn. The invention also includes further approaches for enhancing the propagation of viruses by employing activating substances, modifying the activation site of viruses, and using augmentation loops. Improved approaches for producing viral reassortants also are provided.

IC ICM C12N007-00

> ICS C12P021-00; C12N005-00; A61K039-145; C07K014-11; A61K039-15; A61K039-245

- 16-6 (Fermentation and Bioindustrial Chemistry) CC
 - Section cross-reference(s): 63
- virus culture vertebrate cell vaccine prodn ST
- TΤ Vaccines

Virus, animal

(producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal tissue culture

(vertebrate; producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

TΤ Animal cell line (CV-1, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(Epstein-Barr, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(Junin, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal cell line

(LLCMK2, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(Lassa, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal cell line

(MDBK, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal cell line

(MDCK, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal cell line

(MRC-5, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal cell line

(Vero, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Animal cell line

(WI-38, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(adeno-, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(cytomegalo-, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(hepatitis A, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(hepatitis C, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(herpes simplex 1, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(herpes simplex 2, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(influenza, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(measles, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(mumps, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(polio-, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

IT Virus, animal

(reovirus 3, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)

- IT Virus, animal
 - (respiratory syncytial, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT Virus, animal
 - (rota-, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT Virus, animal
 - (rubella, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT Virus, animal
 - (tick-borne encephalitis, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT Virus, animal
 - (vaccinia, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT Virus, animal
 - (varicella-zoster, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT Virus, animal
 - (yellow fever, producing viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)
- IT 9001-92-7, Protease 9014-01-1, Subtilisin 9035-81-8, **Trypsin** inhibitor 9036-06-0, **Pronase** 9073-78-3, Thermolysin 9087-70-1, Aprotinin
 - RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (in prodn. of viruses and vaccines in protein-free culture in vertebrate cells)